

# UNIT 5: PROMOTION AND RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

## INMARKETING

Semester- II (UG)

Subject- Marketing Management

Topic-Direct Marketing and Online Marketing

### Direct Marketing:

#### Direct Marketing – Defined

- ▶ Consists of direct one-to-one connections with carefully targeted individual consumers to both obtain an immediate response and cultivate lasting customer relationships.

- Kotler

- ▶ Dibb and Simkin (2001) define direct marketing as:
  - ▶ *a decision by a company's marketers to select a marketing channel that avoids dependence on marketing channel intermediaries, and to focus marketing communications activity on promotional mix ingredients that contact directly targeted customers*

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"The primary role of direct marketing is to drive a response and shape the behaviour of target audience with regard to a brand (Kotler and Armstrong, 2009). " Undertaking marketing activity through various advertising media that interact directly with consumers, generally calling for a consumer to make a direct response is known as direct marketing (Kotler and Armstrong, 2009). It is an interactive use of advertising media to stimulate a behaviour modification in such a way that this behaviour can be tracked, analysed and stored on a database for future retrieval and use which is usually built upon to cultivate lasting customer relationships (Stone and Jacob, 2008).

The enhanced competition in all product markets, customer lifestyle, globalisation of markets, internet and the need to increase manufacturer's bargaining power are some of the reasons for the growing focus on Direct Marketing.

**Direct marketing** means connecting directly with carefully targeted segments of individual consumers, often on a one-to-one, interactive basis (without involving marketing channels,

stores). For most companies, direct marketing is a supplemental channel, but for others it is a complete way of doing business. Direct marketing is demassified marketing ,it deals with customers one-to-one basis, directly.It is interactive marketing, with two-way communication between the firm and every one of the customers. Direct marketing is expanding, it is key to the trend towards building close and interactive customer relationships. Beyond brand and relationship building, direct marketers usually seek a direct, immediate and measurable consumer response.Direct marketing has certain benefits for buyers: it is convenient, private, easy,hassle-free,time saving and gives a lot of comparative information. Direct marketing gives buyers ready access to wealth of products. It also give buyers access to a weath of comparative information about companies, products and competitors.

It also has benefits for sellers.For seller, Direct marketing is a powerful tool for building customer relationships. It also offers sellers a low-cost, efficient, speedy alternative for reaching their markets. Direct marketing begins with a good customer database. Direct Marketing connecting directly with carefully targeted individual consumers to both obtain an immediate response and cultivate lasting customer relationships. Direct Marketing is an interactive mode of marketing through which the marketer reaches out to his target market, at any location. Direct Marketing helps companies to focus their marketing efforts and, hence, to that effect is more focused and targeted than conventional or general marketing. OnlineDirect marketing results inlower costs, improved efficiencies and speedier handling of channel and logistics functions, such as order processing, inventory handling and delivery. Direct marketing can also offer greater flexibility and gives sellers access to buyers that they could not reach through other channels.Teleshopping, home shopping channels, catalogue marketing, and online shopping are some of the tools that enables companies to carter to this core customer value. Therefore, database marketing is an interactive approach to marketing, using all available communication tools and media vehicles to reach to the target market.

### **Benefits of Direct marketing:**

- Enables customisation,Delivers Near-Perfect Solutions to customerø problems
- Helps in achieving excellence in Products and Services
- Facilitates sharper segmentation and Targeting
- Facilitates Relations Building

- Cost effective
- A versatile form of Marketing

### **Direct marketing has passed through a number of stages:**

#### 1. Carpet Bombing:

Direct mailers gather or buy as many names as possible and send out a mass-mailing. Usually the response rate is very low.

#### 2. Database Marketing:

Direct marketers mine the database to identify the prospects who would have the most interest in an offer.

#### 3. Interactive Marketing:

Direct marketers include their telephone number and Web address, and offer to print coupons from the Web site. Recipients can contact the company with questions. The company uses the interaction as an opportunity to up-sell, cross-sell, and deepen the relationship.

#### 4. Real-time personalised Marketing:

Direct marketers know enough about each customer to customize and personalize the offer and message.

#### 5. Lifetime value Marketing:

Direct marketers develop a plan for lifetime marketing to each valuable customer, based on knowledge of life events and transitions.

### **Features of Direct Marketing:**

- No middlemen
- Customer oriented
- Direct channel
- Direct contact

## **Forms of Direct Marketing**

A **customer database** is an organised collection of comprehensive data about individual customers or prospects, including geographic, demographic, psychographic and behavioural data. Companies can use this database to locate potential customers, learn about their customers and build relationships with them. There are several major forms of direct marketing.

### **Direct mail marketing and catalogue marketing:**

Defining direct mail marketing, Kotler and Armstrong say, "*Direct-mail marketing through single mailings that include letters, ads, samples, foldouts and others sales people on wings sent to prospect on mailing lists.*" Direct mail marketing involves sending an offer, announcement, reminder, or other item to a person at a particular physical or virtual address.

**Direct-mail marketing:** Direct marketing by sending an offer, announcement, reminder or other item to a person at a particular physical or virtual address. It can be used well for direct one-to-one communication but can be resented as junk mail.

### **Catalogue marketing:**

Defining catalogue marketing Kotler and Armstrong have said, "*Direct marketing through catalogue that are mailed to select list of customers or made available in stores.*" Catalogue marketing is Direct Marketing through print, video, or digital catalogues that are mailed to select customers, made available in stores, or presented online. In this method, the consumers become aware of a product through information furnished to them by the marketer through catalogues dispatched by mail. Interested consumers respond by placing a mail order on the marketer, the product is supplied to the consumer by mail, customers are providing the payment by mail.

**Catalogue marketing:** direct marketing through print, video or digital catalogues that are mailed to select customers, made available in stores, or presented online. They eliminate mailing costs and allow for real-time merchandising.

### **Telemarketing**

Defining telemarketing, Kotler and Armstrong have said, "*Using the telephone to sell directly to customers is telemarketing.*" Association of Telemarketing has said, "We want to target people who want to be targeted." So, here the marketer goes direct to the customer using telecom or IT facilities, giving the marketer a better chance to influence the prospects. It enhances marketing productivity by providing a screening and selection facility through preparatory conversations with prospects.

**Telephone marketing:** Telephone marketing involves using the telephone to sell directly to consumers and business customers. However, the recent do-not-call rules have been hurting the telemarketing industry. In fact, companies carry out four types of telemarketing:

- Telesales
- Telecoverage
- Teleprospecting
- Customer service and technical support.

**Direct-Response Television Marketing (DRTV):** Direct marketing via television, including direct-response television advertising (or infomercials) and home shopping channels. *Home-shopping channels* are television programmes or channels dedicated to selling goods and services. So, in this method, the marketer hawks the product on the air and the consumer watches it on the TV screen at home, phones up the marketer and purchases the requirement.

**Kiosk marketing** is marketing via information and ordering machines. As consumers become more and more comfortable with computer and digital technologies, many companies are placing information and ordering machines-called kiosks in stores, airports, and other locations. Kiosks are popping up everywhere these days, from self-service hotel and airline check-in devices to in-store ordering kiosks that let the order of the consumer merchandise not carried in the store.

**Three aspects of Direct Marketing** ó interactive system, measurability of response, and not location specific.

**Marketing mix in the direct marketing** mode remains the same by and large, except for the communication programme, customer service, and timing and sequence which require considerable attention.

### **Online shopping**

Defining online shopping, Kotler and Armstrong have said, "*Shopping through interactive online computers services, two-way system that link consumers with sellers electronically.*"

**Online marketing** are efforts to market products and services and build customer relationships over the internet. The **Internet** is a vast public web of computer networks that connects users of all types all around the world to each other and an amazingly large information repository. **Click-only companies** are the so-called dot-coms, which operate only online and have no brick-and-mortar market presence. **Click-and-mortar companies** are traditional brick-and-mortar companies that have added online marketing to their operations.

There are four major online marketing domains.

1. **Business-to-consumer (B-to-C) online marketing:** Businesses selling goods and services online to final consumers.
2. **Business-to-business (B-to-B) online marketing:** Businesses using online marketing to reach new business customers, serve current customers more effectively and obtain buying efficiencies and better prices.
3. **Consumer-to-consumer (C-to-C) online marketing:** Online exchanges of goods and information between final consumers. **Blogs** are online journal where people post their thoughts, usually on a narrowly defined topic. Companies can also advertise on blogs and influence content there.
4. **Consumer-to-business (C-to-B) online marketing:** Online exchanges in which consumers search out sellers, learn about their offers and initiate purchases, sometimes even driving transaction terms.

Either way, most companies now exist online. **Corporate (brand) websites** are websites designed to build customer goodwill, collect customer feedback and supplement other sales channels rather than sell the company's products directly. A **marketing website** is a website that engages consumers in interactions that will move them closer to a direct purchase or other marketing outcome. However, creating a website is not enough, sites must be visited and therefore a website must be promoted. This can be done via **online advertising**: Advertising that appears while consumers are browsing the Web, including display ads, search-related ads, online classifieds and other forms. *Rich media* allow animation, sound, video and interactivity.

**Online social networks**: online social communities, blogs, social networking websites or even virtual worlds, where people socialise or exchange information and opinions. Marketers can engage in online social networks by participating in existing Web communities or establishing their own. Social networking sites presents challenges, since companies do not really know how to use them effectively. E-mail is an important and growing online marketing tool and it can be the ultimate marketing medium.

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